1	RHONDDA CYNON TAF COUNCIL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE
2	Minutes of the virtual meeting of the
3	Planning and Development Committee held on
4	Thursday, 26 August 2021 at 3.00 pm.
5	
6	County Borough Councillors - Planning and Development Committee Members in attendance:-
7	Councillor S Rees (Chair)
8	
9	Councillor G Caple Councillor J Bonetto Councillor P Jarman Councillor D Grehan Councillor G Hughes Councillor W Lewis
10	Councillor W Owen Councillor S Powderhill Councillor J Williams Councillor D Williams
11	
12	Officers in attendance:-
13	Mr J Bailey, Head of Planning Mr S Humphreys, Head of Legal Services Mr. A. Rees, Senior Engineer
14	Mr G Purnell, Pollution Control Officer
15	Mr. N Pilliner, Environmental Protection and Housing Standards Manager
16	County Borough Councillors in attendance:-
17	Councillor R Bevan, Councillor H Fychan, Councillor M Powell and Councillor T Williams
18	and Councilior T Williams
19	
20	(Transcript of a digital recording by Marten Walsh Cherer Limited, 2nd Floor, Quality House,
21	6-9 Quality Court, Chancery Lane, London, WC2A 1HP. Telephone No: 020 7067 2900. DX 410 LDE.
22	Email: info@martenwalshcherer.com. www.martenwalshcherer.com)
23	

THE CHAIR: Good afternoon and welcome to this virtual Planning and Development Committee of 26th August 2021. Are there any declarations of interest? Councillor Jarman?

COUNCILLOR JARMAN: Thank you, Chair. I would like to repeat the interest I declared previously on application 20/1182. The applicant is known to me as a local resident. I have spoken to him on one occasion, not to discuss the application, but to confirm that a site visit was held on a certain day. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Jarman. Can I get a motion, please, to observe the Human Rights Act?

COUNCILLOR CAPLE: I move, Chair.

COUNCILLOR GREHAN: Seconded, Chair.

THE CHAIR: That is seconded. And all those in favour? Yes Secondly, can I get a motion to observe the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act.

COUNCILLOR CAPLE: I move, Chair.

A SPEAKER: Seconded, Chair.

THE CHAIR: All those in favour? Thank you members. We next move on to the minutes of 24th June 2021. I am going to call in the legal officer, Mr. Humphreys, first.

MR. HUMPHREYS: Thank you, Chair. I would like to request the members move the minutes subject to an amendment to minute 15, to read "The Head of Planning presented the report to

2.3

Committee and following lengthy consideration, it was RESOLVED to approve the taking of enforcement action in accordance with the recommendation of the Director, Prosperity and Development, but subject to reducing the time for compliance recommended for 12 months to 6 months from the day the notice takes effect, as the development intensifies the use of a substandard lane that lacks adequate vision splays, a turning area, suitable carriageway width, passing bays and adequate structural integrity, which would be to the detriment of highway safety and the free flow of traffic on the A4059, consequently, it is considered that the development does not comply with Policies AW5 and NSA12 of the Rhondda Cynon Taf Local Development Plan".

The reason I request that is that normally the minutes refer to approval in line with officer's recommendation, but in this case the report was confidential, so I think it is appropriate that we specify the reason in the minutes. Thank you, Chair.

A SPEAKER: Subject to amendment, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Is that seconded? Councillor Jarman, you have your hand up.

COUNCILLOR JARMAN: For the record, Chair, I was not present at that meeting. Therefore, I cannot give a view as to whether or not the amended version that Mr. Humphreys referred to should be approved. So, on that basis, I will be abstaining

from voting because I was not present at the meeting. THE CHAIR: 2 Okay. Thank you for that Councillor Jarman. 3 I will second Councillor ----COUNCILLOR J WILLIAMS: It was a really good addition, I think, 4 5 because that is what we said, was it not? 6 Yes, it was. Okay. In terms of the minutes of 24th THE CHAIR: 7 June, it has been moved and seconded that they be approved, 8 subject to the amendments made by Mr. Humphreys there. 9 those in favour? Yes, I cannot see any dissenters there. 10 COUNCILLOR JARMAN: Can my abstention be recorded, Chair? 11 THE CHAIR: Yes, certainly Councillor Jarman. I am going to call 12 Councillor Williams in. I am suspecting he may want to 13 declare an interest. 14 COUNCILLOR D WILLIAMS: Yes. My system kicked out there, Chair. 15 As soon as I pressed the button to press "record", it knocked 16 me out so I do not know what part of the agenda we are at. 17 Yes, I would like to declare interest on Application 21/0720/15, continuation of quarrying at Craig Yr Hesg Quarry. 18 19 It is a personal and prejudicial interest and I will be 20 leaving the meeting. The reasons for the declaration are that I am a member of the Hanson Quarry Opposition Group. 21 22 THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you for that, Councillor Williams. 2.3 moves us on then to the agenda for today. The first item, 24 which is item 5 on the agenda, an application recommended for 25 approval, is Application for 21/0720, which is continuation of 2 3 4

quarrying and related operations without complying with conditions 1-4 inclusive and conditions 45 and 46 imposed on the Environment Act ROMP schedule of conditions issued by Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council on 24th April 2013 at Craig Yr Hesg Quarry, Berw Road, Pontypridd."

Now, we have a number of speakers asking for permission to speak on this agenda item. The first person I will call in is the agent on behalf of the applicants, Mr. Graham Jenkins. Mr. Jenkins, if you can unmute yourself, you can address the committee for up to five minutes when you are ready.

MR. JENKINS: Okay, thank you very much. Thanks for the opportunity. The current time limit at the quarry of December 2022 is derived from a planning permission for a quarry extension granted in 1993 and was based upon assumptions about future output made at that time. Annual output fluctuates according to market demand and it is unsurprising that almost 30 years later, those original assumptions have been shown to be less than perfect, such that a reserve of some 3 million tonnes remains to be worked.

In granting permission for the quarry extension in 1993, the authority concluded that it was acceptable to work the full reserve referred to in the permission. The only issue which is now preventing the working of that reserve is the time limit, which can now be amended to allow the completion of the development and restoration of the site as proposed.

The quarry has reached its full limits and there will be no changes to the current working area. The current application is a simple request to be able to work the remaining reserves as originally permitted, but over an extended timescale of six years. The planning conditions imposed by RCT on the Environment Act review of the conditions in 2013 were deemed to be adequate to regulate the environmental effects of the development, including conditions on restoration. These or very similar conditions can remain in place for the requested extended duration. The planning officer has confirmed his view that the impact can be controlled to nationally set standards, noting that no objections have been raised by statutory technical consultees.

The planning officer's report also highlights what is referred to as an overriding economic need for the mineral, and in that context, Hanson would not have made the time extension application if there was no need for the mineral. Permitted reserves of hard rock aggregate in RCT are below the required minimum for a 10 year land bank and if the permitted reserves at the quarry are removed from the land bank in 2022, then the overall reserve shortage would be exacerbated.

RCT has made a commitment towards contributing towards local, regional and national supplies of aggregate. That is set out in LDP Policy CS/10. It would not be appropriate to rely adjoining authorities to make good the current shortfall

in provision within RCT or to unnecessarily exacerbate the situation by refusing the application.

2.3

The quarry also has an important to role to play for the supply of nationally important high-specification aggregate in contributing to the growth of the economy as the country emerges from the Covid pandemic. The quarry is also an important employer with 19 direct and 10 indirect employees and a further 50-60 hauliers. The retention of this employment is important, particularly at a time of growing rates of unemployment, again as a result of the Covid pandemic. So, I thus urge members to focus on the reasons given by the planning officer as to why permission should be granted, and to accept what is a compelling recommendation to approve the application. Thank you very much.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Mr. Jenkins. I now move on to objectors to the application. The first person I am going to call in is Mr. Malcolm Hervey.

MR. HERVEY: Yes. First of all, I would like to say that I have got no problem with the quarry staying there for a further 20 years as far as I am concerned. I am not anti quarry or not for quarry. I do not care. But I do live next door to the quarry and the planning application area goes right up to my front door. So as you look at the plan, the red line goes, well, it cuts my land in half and puts the land clearly, sorry, the planning permission, right up to my front door.

5

4

8

7

11

10

1213

14

1516

17

18

1920

21

22

2324

25

So, if any person was to look at this planning permission, they would think that they have got planning permission to dig right outside my front door, which meant if I walked out of my front door, I could find a big hole where the quarry is.

Now, I know, and any sensible person would know, that they are not going to dig my driveway up. I am not saying that that is the plan at all. However, what I am saying is because that is what it looks like, if I was to try to sell my house any time in the next six or seven years, anybody looking at this planning permission will think that the plan is to do Now, I know that a good solicitor would explain the situation and would explain that they are not going to do However, there are very few good solicitors out there, and most of the time, when you are buying land or buying houses, it is left up to some junior in the office to do the searches and to hand them over to the person buying the house. So, I could quite easily find that my house does not sell any time whenever I want it. In fact, it probably would not sell at all because of these plans. That is really my only objection so I shall pass the floor back.

THE CHAIR: Thank you for that. I will now move on to the next objector then. This is Royston Davies. Mr. Davies, when you are ready, you have five minutes to address the committee.

A SPEAKER: Chair, I do not think Mr. Davies has been able to join the meeting.

THE CHAIR: Okay. In that case, we will move on to the next objector, which is Sian Griffiths. You are still on mute there. (Pause)

MS. GRIFFITHS: Bear with me, sorry.

THE CHAIR: We can hear you now.

2.3

MS. GRIFFITHS: Thank you. I would like to address the Committee on the experience of living in Glyncoch. I live in Ashford Close. It is a bungalow. When they blast or bomb, as we locally say around here, it shakes the foundations of my property. The tremor underneath the floor, you feel the whole house shaking. My father lives next door. He is 87. He says when the bomb blasts, it terrifies him and it is starting to affect his mental health because I have got to tell him beforehand that they are going to blast because otherwise he will not know what is happening, and then when it does blast, he is really upset about it.

There are a number of elderly people where we live.

They have not got the technology, they cannot speak for themselves, but I can speak for my father. He has also had an incident back a few years ago where he physically was out of the chair through the intense blasting that occurred. Our cars, our patio tables in the summer, with the dust, you cannot enjoy living here. Like the caller said before, what are these houses going to be worth? Nobody is going to want to live here with what is going on at the moment. It is

physically and mentally disturbing.

2.3

The other thing I have got to mention is the traffic. You drive down the A470 and there are signs all the way, "50 pollution". Surely that pollution is here too -- we are only three miles up the road -- with all the dust and the things that come from the quarry. You have got the lorries backed up. Going to work in the morning, you can often be in a queue because a lorry and a bus cannot pass, you know.

My experience of living here is getting worse. The blasts are getting more intense. It feels like an earthquake. If I could say to the Committee, you have got to live here and you have got to physically experience it. Unless you live in a house that is rocked and moved, you cannot imagine what that is like. I would like to invite anyone to stay here on a blasting day and feel the physical house move. I cannot put into words what it is like, but I know one thing, we can endure no more of this. I think I am personally at my lowest ebb with it all.

You know, we get updates to say, okay, you know, we talk, what did you think of that blast, and they are definitely, without a shadow of a doubt, I can assure you they are more intense. They are worse. I can attain it to a gas explosion. That is how bad it is. You know, I keep my property in good repair, but it is like I am sailing up the river with it. You have got cracks in the floor and your

windows are constantly dirty. It is a nightmare.

As I say, for my children, their inheritance, will I ever sell this property? I tell you now I would never buy a house here now. I have been here 14 years and I have been a member of Pontypridd community for 50 years. I used to live in Trallwn. I came here to live and it was a lovely place.

Not now. It is not a good place to live.

As I say, I could carry on and on, but thank you for hearing me out. I am asking the Committee to help us now. We need the Committee to help us here, to try and get some sort of normal living here because at the moment it is not. Every week, which day, what is going to happen, if you are in work, out of work, you just do not know. As I say, I could go on, but I think you, hopefully, you have got my point, and I am asking the Committee to please help the community of Glyncoch. Thank you very much for listening.

THE CHAIR: Thank you for that, Mrs. Griffiths.

MS. GRIFFITHS: Thank you.

2.3

THE CHAIR: The next person I will call in is Councillor Simon Pritchard, who is on objector, speaking on behalf of Pontypridd Town Council.

COUNCILLOR PRITCHARD: Thank you, Chair. Good afternoon,

Councillors. I am here as leader of Pontypridd Town Council

to echo what Mrs. Griffiths has just said, really, and to

really convey the strength of feeling across our communities

in relation to the quarry.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

Now, I know planning is not about the court of public opinion and I do not think for a second that that is your role here, I know, but across our communities, Cilfynydd, Trallwn, Glyncoch, Graigwen, I have had so many representations from members of our communities and I have not had one that has been positive.

Now again, I can see that that is almost besides the point to a certain degree, but I think the issue that Mrs. Griffiths just stressed then in terms of what it is like living there and the fact they can see an end to this coming -- people have lived in these properties and they could see a time when this was ending -- now, there might be a reserve that is still there, but that does not impact those residents who are living in these conditions day by day, month by month, and seeing light at the end of the tunnel. In terms of fairness and justice, I think the biggest issue here is this application for a significant extension at the time when the LDP is being reviewed, the Welsh government are looking at issues of the wellbeing of future generations, and whether this is appropriate at this time. I would strongly ask the Committee to consider those matters when they are making this decision.

Now, yes, I can see that there is logic to the original application being extended for that land bank; I absolutely

can see that. But for the people living and suffering -- and there really is suffering, there is significant dust that absolutely does impact, I have seen it myself in Glyncoch. There is the blasts that anecdotally people widely say what Mrs. Griffiths has just said, that they are louder than they were before. There is the fact that the blasts are not timed, as they have said they are going to be timed. So they come as a shock even when people are warned in advance. There is the significant traffic down Berw Road and the impact that has both on the community there, in terms of pollution and does that impact on people getting out of Glyncoch and Ynysybwl.

Now, there is a huge number of issues that will impact in the communities here, and very little local benefit, very, very little local benefit. The gentleman from Hanson talked about employment, et cetera. They are not a local benefit and I understand there is a national strategic importance to this material. But for fairness, for the communities who have been impacted by this and who could see light at the end of the tunnel I would ask members not to agree this extension.

Thank you very much, Councillors and Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Pritchard.

2.3

Before I move on to members of the planning committee and members of Rhondda Cynon Taf council who are not members of the planning committee, I go to Mr. Jenkins to see if he would like a right of reply to that.

MR. JENKINS: Yes. Thank you. I will make just a couple of comments. Having listened to the objectors, I mean, the one thing I think I would quite like to get across is just a bit of perspective, really. The quarry has been in operation for well over 100 years and the quarry development scheme itself has been approved by RCT. All that is now being requested is an additional time period to complete the approved development. I understand that there are issues with quarries, but that is the case with all quarries. All quarries will give rise to some degree of environmental effects and that is inevitable given the nature of the operations involved. But we need quarries; we need the aggregate from quarries. It is the essential raw material in all the construction projects that are undertaken: houses, schools, hospitals, road maintenance, they all require aggregate. So, it is an inevitability that you cannot have one without the other.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

The policy requirement, the RCT policy requirement, is to ensure that the effects of quarrying are minimised and I think that is the case here with the detail 40 plus planning conditions which are in place at the quarry; they are designed to minimise the effects. I think we all have to recognise that they cannot be eliminated.

I think in terms of some of the specific points raised, we have had correspondence with Mr. Hervey in terms of the

application site boundary. That boundary is really a historical quirk of a red line boundary that dates back to the late 1940s. But because of the administrative issues with the application, the red line boundary cannot be changed as part of a time limit extension application. But we have emphasised to Mr. Hervey that there is absolutely no intention to quarry anywhere near his property and I would like to think that a good conveyancing solicitor would appreciate that.

In terms of blasting, again, blasting is an inevitable

2.3

In terms of blasting, again, blasting is an inevitable consequence of mineral extraction, but blast vibration limits are set, based upon government advice and limits. All blasts are monitored at the quarry, and all blasts have been shown to comply with the blast vibration, ground vibration limits which have been set.

Similarly for noise, the noise limits have been monitored since 2013, and on all occasions the surveys have confirmed that the noise is complying with the current limits, and that is also the case with air quality.

Air quality is monitored, it is shown to be well below the air quality standards which are set to protect public health. You will note from the committee report that no objections have been raised by the environmental health officer and I think importantly no objections have been raised by the specialist independent consultees responsible for this issue, Cwm Taf Health Board and Public Health Wales, who have

confirmed that (in their words) there are no grounds for 2 objection based upon public health consideration. 3 So, I will end on that and just commend that advice to you in considering this application. 4 5 Thank you for that, Mr. Jenkins. Council Powderhill THE CHAIR: 6 you have your hand up. 7 COUNCILLOR POWDERHILL: Yes. Simon Pritchard is leader of the 8 town council and, as you will be aware, I am a member of 9 Pontypridd Town Council. So, I think it would be appropriate 10 that I do declare an interest. 11 THE CHAIR: Okay. 12 COUNCILLOR POWDERHILL: However, I have never ever discussed this 13 or any other planning application within the bounds of the 14 town council. I have always left. So, on that basis I would say it is not prejudicial, it is purely personal. 15 16 THE CHAIR: Okay. 17 COUNCILLOR POWDERHILL: Can you check that is okay with the legal 18 officer, please? 19 THE CHAIR: Yes, Mr. Humphreys. 20 MR. HUMPHREYS: Yes, I can confirm that sounds perfectly 21 acceptable. Thank you. 22 THE CHAIR: Thank you. 2.3 COUNCILLOR POWDERHILL: Thank you, Chair.

I will go first to Councillor Fychan.

Okay. I will now move on to non-members of committee.

24

25

THE CHAIR:

COUNCILLOR FYCHAN: Thank you very much. Thank you for the opportunity to address the committee. Previously we have discussed expanding the quarry itself and I will not rehearse the same arguments, but I think that there are some points I would like to raise.

2.3

First of all, I would ask with Mr. Jenkins' comments at what cost do we extend the life of the quarry? Do we ignore the voices of residents, their experiences, because people who do not live in that community do not think there is an impact or that the levels currently set in law are not met? We know that Wales desperately needs a clean air Act and one has been promised by Welsh government. It is not in place yet, but we know also that the levels would be different once that Act is in place and that is likely to happen if Welsh government commits, as they have done so, within the next year. That would mean those considerations would be different and therefore the report's findings would be different.

I would also like to share with the committee my experience as a local member. As mentioned by Councillor Pritchard, I represent Pontypridd Town ward and I receive a number of complaints from residents there about the blasting. Once such instance was on 13th July this year and I contacted the Director of Planning and Planning Services after receiving a number of complaints and also seven complaints from residents in Glyncoch, which they cited to me genuine terror

at the blast on that day that had an impact -- and I know this is being submitted by Councillor Williams -- about the impact on their properties.

I asked in that e-mail, which was received by planning and acknowledged, for urgent attention to this matter and an update on the planned course of action given that we knew this application was pending. I am yet to receive an update from anyone in RCT council.

This is what residents tell me all the time, that when there is a breach of the current planning conditions and those are reported, they do not receive a response or no action is taken. Therefore, we are led to believe that for six years, yes, these planning conditions are there, but if they are not being adhered to at present then how are we supposed to reassure residents that these will be adhered to?

I am also concerned that RCT do not seem to be taking these complaints seriously or responding to complaints when there seems to be a breach. They may be responding but not to receive an update as the council has been able to respond to those complainants is indeed worrying.

There have been a number of complaints since then as well with blasting creating genuine terror. That is a matter for you to consider in terms of how you feel as a committee about our role in adhering to the planning conditions.

We have previously mentioned as well the Future

Generations Act, and as I referenced the clean air Act is something that is desperately needed in Wales. There has been evidence in terms of impact of poor health on residents in Glyncoch in particular and luckily we do now realise that people do have a right to clean air, they do have a right to not be impacted by these developments. I am hugely concerned to see the report itself reference the economic need that seems to override every other consideration.

2.3

Now, I know our hands are still tied as an authority in terms of some of the planning regulations that have not actually been rewritten to reflect the Future Generations Act. But we have acknowledged that Act at the beginning of this meeting. Everyone acknowledged it. If we are serious about the Future Generations Act and not as a tick box exercise, then surely the views of people like Mrs. Griffiths must be listened to. Her genuine reasons there, asking us to be there and feel it and live that experience. We cannot ignore that voice. If we are serious about her children, grandchildren, future generations, we saw previously -- I am sure if the schools were still, it was not the school holidays we may have heard from pupils again, as we did previously, about their own experiences. Please remember those children that asked us to think about them as well.

I would urge the committee, it is six years perhaps for the quarry, but it is six years of hell for those residents

and I think we have a duty to listen to them and to stop the quarrying because things are different now, we know better.

Just because we approved this in the past does not mean it has to continue for another six years.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you for that, Councillor Fychan. I now go to Councillor Mike Powell.

COUNCILLOR POWELL: Thank you, Chair, thank you for allowing me to speak today.

That was an exceptionally powerful argument from Councillor Fychan, and we also had a reasoned and passionate argument by Councillor Simon Pritchard from Pontypridd Town Council. I am actually also a Community Councillor of Pontypridd Town Council for the Trallwn ward. I have known this quarry for all of my life. I was a child in Cilfynydd, we would hear the blast and see the dust rising from the quarry when I was a child, what, 55 years ago. I have had complaints from residents in Cilfynydd from Trallwn, from Glyncoch Ynysybwl, from Pontypridd Town, and we get these not just because you know individually, I think it has been quite a few residents contacted us because of their concerns and we have heard from Mrs. Davies. We are going to take those on board.

Now, when I was a child, as I said, you could hear the blast, you could feel the blast, you could see the dust rising. I have actually went and parked up on Cilfynydd

common a few months back and I was unfortunate enough to witness a blast and watch the dust gradually covering over Glyncoch and on towards Coed-y-Cwm.

2.3

Now, if you are actually close to that you would not actually see it, because you would be enveloped by it, you would not notice it. But from Cilfynydd you could see the dust coming across, and there is no way that is not harmful. When we look at the last, well the last paragraph on Recommendations on page 2: "On balance it is concluded that there is an overriding economic need for the mineral which is not outweighed by any potentially environmental and amenity issues."

That is absolutely nonsense. That is an officer writing something up in the office on their desk. That is not what we see in Pontypridd. That is not what people see in Glyncoch Ynysybwl or in Cilfynydd. They actually daily, yes, daily, have to put up with it. We have the lorries which are actually coming down Berw Road causing no end of damage to that. They park up in my ward from seven o'clock in the morning until the authority -- until the quarry opens and then you will have convoys of lorries going over the Victoria Bridge, (unclear) onwards up into the quarry; and they then come back down.

When you do a simple desktop arithmetic, 3 million tonnes over eight years is 412,500 tonnes a year. Take 260

days as the working year, that is 10,300 lorries to shift
that, over 260 days, that is 40 lorries per day, 40 up and 40
back down. The Highways Officer, I am sure they should
have -- I have not seen the report, but they should have noted
the damage that is done to Berw Road itself by these vehicles.
We have got 44-tonne lorries on that road. They actually go
over a 40-tonne weight limit bridge to actually get from the
quarry to Pontypridd. Up on to the A470. We have no end of
problems with dust, also the dust off the brakes, the asbestos
coming off it, the fumes coming off the lorries themselves,
the noise pollution, and on and on and on it goes.

We do not see an economic benefit to that, and when we
talk about the national economy, the cost is -- we have to

2.3

We do not see an economic benefit to that, and when we talk about the national economy, the cost is -- we have to look at the growth of the economy nationally. Well, are we talking nationally Wales, are we talking nationally UK?

Because there is a moratorium on road building in Wales until we have carried out the review in Welsh Assembly. That probably, if it is the case and the moratorium is there, this eight years is probably going to go to another four or five years, because as Mr. Jenkins said, they have not been mining the stone because of economic downturns. Well, it looks like we are going to have another economic downturn.

With regards to the number of people who are employed, we are all aware of the national shortage of lorry drivers, so I do not think if this application was to be refused those

hauliers would be without a job, because instead of shifting stone they will be shifting food around the country, which I am sure we would all agree is much more beneficial to the national economy for the nation to be able to eat rather than to have stones to look at or use.

THE CHAIR: Councillor Powell, you are coming up to your five minutes.

COUNCILLOR POWELL: Yes, Madam Chair, I am timing myself.

What I was going to suggest, Madam Chair, do not make a decision today, but actually go and have a proper site visit. You know, a proper site visit along the route from Cilfynydd when there is a blast on and actually in the quarry itself. Other than that, if you decide not to do it, I would ask that you actually refuse the application, Madam Chair. Thank you very much.

- THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Powell. Right. I will now go over to Mr. Bailey then for the presentation. .
- MR. BAILEY: Sorry, Chair, does Councillor Williams want to address?
- THE CHAIR: I was going to call Councillor Williams in as part of the committee and then he could leave. No, because he has declared a prejudicial interest. Sorry, Councillor Williams, I do apologise to you for that.
- COUNCILLOR WILLIAMS: Thank you very much, Chair. I do not intend to go over what has been said in previous meetings in respect

of the development of the quarry, but I will touch on a few things that I think are relevant to this application. I am extremely disappointed at both Public Health Wales and Cwn Taf Health Board to consider there are no problems with the air quality in Glyncoch, which seems to contradict previous letters submitted to this committee by a very eminent general practitioner who says completely the opposite. They also say in his submission that it is crucial that continued monitoring and introduction of a dust management plan.

The question I need to ask you is, if there is no problem with air quality why have we got to do that?

He also says that the local air quality is compliant with the relevant PM10 and UKO levels, they fail to mention anything about PM2.5 levels, but we do not monitor them.

PM2.5 is the dust particles you cannot see. The photographs I submitted to Planning from locations outside Glyncoch shows at the time the estate was shrouded with a thick level of dust. My own solar panels show a build up of dust, what the build up of dust looks like after a few days.

The lockdown as a result of Covid has -- sorry. The lockdown as a result of Covid has resulted in a number of complaints being made to me from residents who now find themselves having to work from home and not previously experiencing the blasting. One irate resident came to my home following the last blast, he was not very impressed, first of

2.3

all (i.e., very vocal to myself), but he was not very impressed what the authority are doing to solve the problems.

The calls continue following every blast. The last one was horrendous. As always the answer when we complain about it is "We are within permitted limits". I am sorry, that is not good enough. If the current levels cause problems, then they should be reduced. Again, photographs I have submitted show damage to properties.

The report goes on to say that high polished stone is plentiful in Wales. That contradicts what the officers, the gentleman said. There is no shortage of supply. The Welsh government has already said there will be no new road building in Wales for the foreseeable future. There are other quarries within the Hanson Group, some of them are already mothballed and could be used, the stone could be used to fill our shortfall.

My concerns are expressed as follows in the report, that it says this is exposed to persistent levels of potential nuisance dust PM10s, the effects can go beyond the obvious nuisance levels and increase anxiety. Without doubt I am now seeing mental health issues in Glyncoch for the first time as a result of anxiety around blasting, damage to properties and residents being frightened following blasting. I witnessed some of the people physically shaking. The application in my opinion contradicts policy AW10, the Health and Wellbeing Act,

1 ||

the Future Generations Act and the Air Quality Act (Wales).

We see the Welsh government proposing to set charges on the A470 because of the air pollution. Glyncoch has had that issue for decades. Even back in the 1970s, the Environmental Health Officer at that time was on record as saying dust from blasting are the main area of complaints from residents of Glyncoch. 50 years ago. I could go on to mention about the traffic problems causing issues, but I am sure my colleagues have and will say more things on that.

There has been no end. There has to be an end to everything. In the case of the quarry, the time is now. Can I passionately ask members of the planning committee, please consider the impact this application will have on the residents of Glyncoch and the surrounding areas and refuse the application for the health and well-being of this community.

Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Williams. I will wait now for Councillor Williams to leave the meeting and then I will ask Mr. Bailey to start the presentation. Okay. Mr. Bailey.

MR. BAILEY: Thank you, Chair. I have a number of late letters just to refer to, if I may, before starting the presentation as such. We have 14 late letters in total, Chair. The first of which is from Senedd member Vicky Howells, she states she is writing to object to the planning application submitted by Hanson in respect of their application for an extension to

Craig Yr Hesg quarry.

2.3

Just to clarify the point, the term "extension" is the term to extend the life of the quarry rather than the physical extension of the quarry in this particular case.

"Since I was first elected in 2016 I have received numerous representation from local residents who are at their wits end with the noise and disruption caused by the blasting, I am told that the vibrations from the blast can be heard throughout the nearby villages with residents informing me of dust, debris and their walls shaking as a result. If the extension to the quarry is approved it will have a detrimental effect not only on the properties but also the health and well-being of residents for many years to come, and this is not acceptable. Residents tell me they are constantly battling against HGVs depositing dust and debris on the highway, which has increased substantially and is affecting their daily living.

"My objections are based on the following concerns: proximity to residential properties, dust and debris causing health concerns, excessive noise and impact from blasting and the consequent vibrations, impact to the highways and consequent effect on residents. With over 400 members of the community represented on the Hanson Quarry Expansion Opposition Action Group, the strength of feeling locally is well represented, and I am fully supportive of their mission.

However, should the committee be minded to approve this application, I ask consideration be given to a number of restrictions to enable the community to live peacefully.

I wish to request and recommend the following are put in place if planning is approved.

2.3

"First of all, that restrictions are in place and monitored regarding the times and nature of any blasting.

Revisit the existing planning consent to recognise the close proximity to residential properties. Reduce the level of dust emission by implementing monitoring of dust levels. Finally, implement restrictions on waiting lorries and monitor wheel washing. I trust you will give due consideration to all my comments and suggestions, and that the health and well-being of residents who have suffered so much over the years will also be considered above the need to extract from the quarry."

The other 13 letters that we received, Chair, do not raise any new issues as such that are not already covered in the extensive reporting of concerns raised within the report, other than one concern, which really has no relevance to this particular site, which references the working practices of the applicant company Hanson's at the quarry in the West Bank of Gaza.

The other concerns which I will briefly summarise, as
I say, they are already covered, but these are that Hanson are
a German-owned company, are not being held responsible for

their actions. Hanson do not notify the residents when blasts will take place. Damage to property as a consequence of the blasting. HGVs on Berw Road and the risk to pedestrians and other road users and the damage to the surface of the road, making it unsafe. Adverse impacts on health, principally brought about by dust. Remove the noise and dust nuisance which scares the young and the elderly and the fact that in the view of residents blasts are getting stronger and louder.

That is the late letters that we have had in respect of the application, Chair.

Perhaps if we can go to the presentation. Just to clarify to members, this is a section 73 application and has been submitted to extend the operational life of the quarry for a further six-year period. So that is six years beyond the current date of 31st December 2022, which is when mineral extraction from the quarry should cease. So, the conditions that are outlined on page 12 of the report in front of members, conditions 1, 2, 3, 4, 45 and 46, the application seeks to knock all those dates on by a period of six years.

It is important to recognise, I think, that this application relates to the existing operational quarry and it is a different application to that which came before committee last year, which sought to physically extend the quarry and to extract a further 10 million tonnes from the site up to a period until 2047. So that application, as members will be

well aware, was refused by this committee last July and that is subject of an appeal which has been lodged with the Planning Inspectorate and currently sits with the Planning Inspectorate. So, this application, just so that members are eminently clear, is not to physically extend the quarry but to extend its operational life within the confines of the existing permission by a period of six years.

2.3

As Mr. Jenkins outlined in his five minutes, it was estimated at the end of December 2020 that the site had a reserve of 3.3 million tonnes of rock remaining within the quarry; and with an average output of approximately 400,000 tonnes per annum, that gives a further life, potential life to the quarry of eight years, which gives us the date of 31st December 2028, which is the date now sought by this application.

It is clearly recognised that this is a sensitive site and a sensitive application, as has been evidenced both by the speakers today and also by the volume and nature of objections received, not only to this application but also as a consequence of blasting incidents that have occurred over the last, particularly over the last 18 months or two years or so.

In terms of policy, the over-arching principles in terms of mineral applications are set out within Planning Policy
Wales 11 and Mineral TAN Number 1. The objective set out in those documents is to ensure that the mineral supply is

managed in a sustainable way, so that the best balance is struck between environmental, economic and social considerations and making sure that any environmental and amenity impacts of extraction are capped to a level that avoids causing any demonstrable harm.

2.3

There is a recognition clearly that society needs a range of minerals, and that is evidenced within the Council's own local development plan at Policy CS10, which has been referred to by the speakers. That policy indicates that the council will seek to provide a ten-year supply. In addition, the council is also part of an amalgamation of authorities signed up to the Regional Technical Statement, and that is the Regional Provision of Minerals, and that currently demonstrates that we at the moment already have a shortfall within our contribution to that overall target. So, clearly, any reduction at the Craig Yr Hesg site would further exacerbate that provision that we, as a council, should be providing.

As is evident from the speakers today, Chair, and from the correspondence we have received over a period of time and to the previous application, residents of Glyncoch and wider areas, Cilfynydd and parts of Pontypridd have raised concerns in terms of dust and air quality.

I would point out that as part of the consultation for the application, we have consulted with our colleagues in

Public Health and I am aware there are representative officers from that section who have joined us today. Public Health Wales and Cwn Taf Health Authority, and none of those bodies have raised an objection to the application and to the extension of extraction for a further six-year period; albeit all three of those have made it clear that further air monitoring, air quality monitoring would need to take place.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

As part of the recommendation for approval, members will have noted that is subject to a section 106 agreement and that is to seek a contribution from the applicant towards RCT's costs of undertaking that air quality monitoring.

In terms of the blasting, which again is another issue which has been raised, at this point picking up on the comment that Councillor Fychan made about the lack of a response to her last e-mail, I am sorry to hear that, but if she can leave that with me, I will ensure, Chair, that we look into that and a response is provided to her. I apologise if a response has not been forthcoming. I was not aware of that. In terms of the blasting, we have, when we received the complaints about the blasting, gone back to the quarry and the readings that have been provided do demonstrate that they are within the levels set down within the conditions of the existing Those levels are set at a level which is permissions. reflective of national guidance within mineral TAN 1 and, as I say, the readings and the data provided show that there have

been no exceedances of those limits set down within the consent.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

In terms of the highway issues, again another issue that has been raised throughout the presentations and the objections received, Chair, no objection has been received from our colleagues in Highways. I am sure members will have picked up from the report that a request was made for a levy of 5p per tonne coming out of the quarry to be charged and to be secured via a legal agreement. The view of your officers from a planning point of view is that that is more appropriately dealt with under section 59 of the Highway Act, which was the view that we put forward for the previous application to physically extend the quarry. Ultimately, this is not looking to take new material out of the quarry. It is already a volume of material and resource that there has been consented. It is extending that period. It is not new So, overall, Chair, as the report indicates, material. whilst acknowledging the concerns of the community of Glyncoch and the wider areas of Pontypridd, we feel that the submission does evidence the need for the resource and for the mineral from this site. We feel that there is a justifiable reason to provide that and that those impacts can be mitigated to a level which is deemed to be acceptable and we feel that is evidenced by the lack of any objection from the statutory consultees. On that basis, Chair, the application is

recommended for approval, subject to a section 106 agreement.

2.3

One final point, Chair, in saying that is that there are two minor amendments to the conditions presented in the report and these relate to conditions 34 and 36. These are to make sure that in respect of 34, the Wildlife Protection Plan is actually provided in accordance with the relevant appendix within the Environmental Statement, which is appendix 7.3, and secondly, in respect of condition 36, that for clarity and precision, the condition refers to the scheme as set out in Appendix 11.6 of the Environmental Statement, as submitted with the application. Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you for that, Mr. Bailey. I have two members who have indicated. I go first to Councillor Caple.

COUNCILLOR CAPLE: Thank you, Chair. I have listened to the objectors, as echoed by the leader of Pontypridd Town Council and local members. In my view, my opinion, the pendulum has swung from the economic need for quarrying the mineral to the considerable detriment to potential environmental and amenity issues. In this respect, I would refer members to page 23 and the key principles to consider. In conclusion, I move to refuse the application against officers' recommendation on the grounds of detriment to amenity and wellbeing. That is all I need to say, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Councillor Caple. Councillor Hughes?

COUNCILLOR HUGHES: Thank you, Chair. Yes, I just quote

2 3 4

Councillor Simon Pritchard, or certainly paraphrase anyway.

I think he said just because there are reserves does not mean they should be removed. Whilst I appreciate that aggregate is required, that should not be at the detriment to public health.

I understand that the levels of pollution meet national standards. I think what is clear, however, is that there are also mental health issues at play here and I am not sure that they have necessarily been measured. Mr. Jenkins stated in his response that there has been quarrying at this site for well over 100 years. I would suggest that this is long enough and I will second Councillor Caple's motion.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Hughes. Councillor Powderhill?

COUNCILLOR POWDERHILL: Thank you, Chair. I was born in Ynysybwl.

I grew up in Ynysybwl. I have lived in Pontypridd for quite a number of years so I know this site very, very well.

I actually understand everything put forward by the agent.

Yes, there is a need, but as was said both by Councillor Caple
and Councillor Hughes and the objectors, at what cost?

The people of Glyncoch have to bear the burden that has been put on their shoulders and they have been asked to carry that load for more years. Let us be honest, they have carried their share of the burden for long enough. The time has to end at some point. Why make their lives living hell simply for economic needs? So, I disagree. There will be quarries

2 stru
3 with

2.3

elsewhere and there will be ways of removing it on better structured roads, but the people of Ynysybwl suffer terribly with the traffic and the people of Glyncoch have to live with the blasting.

If this was a new application, we would be saying no.

The fact that it is there and has survived these number of years, I think the applicant should put hand on heart and say, "Glyncoch, you have done enough. Thanks for what you have done for us." So, I am going to back the refusal and for those reasons, that again, the loss of the amenity to me is a loss too great. So, yes, I am going to go for refusal, Chair. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Powderhill. Council Jarman?

COUNCILLOR JARMAN: Thank you, Chair. If I could just carry on where the previous two speakers have left off, Councillor Hughes says there has been a quarry there now over 100 years. This quarry was consented 172 years ago, 1949, so we are fast approaching two centuries, not one.

The other point that Councillor Powderhill made was that if this was a new application, we would be saying no. I only wish I could share his optimism because this Council has done a deal with Hanson to sell them land, subject to the appeal being granted, to mine and quarry a further 10 million tonnes of sandstone, subject to the inspector coming out in favour of Hanson. So, you know, it is not right. If this Council had

any sense of moral responsibility, it would refuse to sell that land to Hanson to enable that future 10 million tonnes of sandstone on the site to be mined. I felt I had to say that because it needed to be said.

2.3

On this particular application, Chair, I view this as an act of desperation by Hanson. The application is a stopgap in anticipation of the inspector coming down in their favour when the other application we refused is determined. So this is a stopgap. The deal to sell Hanson the land was in 2014. 2022 was eight years away from that date. They were hoping that all of that could have been done and dusted so that the consent they have presently would be irrelevant because they would have a new consent to mine a further 10 million tonnes as well as that which remains on the site. That is the reality of the situation and let us be adult enough to acknowledge that.

So the people in this area are faced with the possibility of decades more of misery from this site.

I listened intently to the local residents and I share their concern. I, like you, Chair, have lived in the shadow of an industrial site where dust was, if nothing else, the most debilitating thing that local residents had to cope with.

I am surprised at the Health Board and Public Health not acknowledging. It may not be that local residents can breathe in all of this dust, but it is in their every living hour, on

their furniture, on their laundry, and it is debilitating and it has got an effect on people's mental health and wellbeing. Councillor Fychan was quite right to say that we need a Clean Air Act in Wales if only to rid us of the industrial misery that these valleys have endured over so many years.

2.3

We have paid our price to society as communities in relation to mineral extraction whether it is coal or sandstone. We have nothing to apologise for. These people living in Glyncoch and in close proximity have the right to peace and quiet. I think that this application extending -- we have to be careful -- what we are doing is being asked to extend the existing operation. Well, I think that that is totally out of accord with the Wellbeing and Future Generations Act. It is another -- how many years -- six years of misery. I am not going to support anything that will cause that.

Every elected person, it seems to me, in this area has had representation, undeniable representation, cross-party, and I think that not listening to the mood of the people and the misery of the people, we would be not doing our job and acknowledging that people do matter. However the Welsh government tell us not to take too much notice of public objections, how dare they? We must take notice of public objections given the scale, the degree and the types of things that are affecting people's everyday lives. Noise, dust,

misery, discomfort, mental health -- I do not know how much more evidence we need to prove the case that this extension should not be supported, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Jarman. 1949 is 72 years ago, just for a point of clarity there. Councillor Grehan?

COUNCILLOR GREHAN: Thank you Chair. I'm going to speak in Welsh.

Mr Bailey said that we acknowledge the local people's concerns. But we don't. The officers don't. They hear the arguments, but they are not listening to them properly.

Their concerns are real. Every person, every representative, every person that lives in the area and every letter I've seen from local residents are all complaining about the dust in the area.

The whole thing is outrageous because we are even considering extending this scheme. We should close this when the date ends next year by following the law of future generations. We should say that local people and their health are more important than a few extra years of getting this sandstone. I will be objecting. Thank you.

HE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Grehan. I have got no other members who have indicated that they wish to speak on this item. So, just to recap, then, we have the motion that has been seconded to refuse the application, which is Application No: 21/0720, for the continuation of quarrying and related operations at Craig Yr Hesg quarry, Berw Road, Pontypridd. So

```
I will go to the vote and I will take the roll call as is
 2
           usual. I go first to Councillor Bonetto.
 3
       COUNCILLOR BONETTO: I shall be going for refusal, Chair.
 4
       THE CHAIR:
                   Thank you, Councillor Bonetto. Council Caple?
 5
       COUNCILLOR CAPLE: Motion to refuse, Chair.
 6
       THE CHAIR: Councillor Grehan?
 7
       COUNCILLOR GREHAN: For the motion to refuse.
 8
       THE CHAIR: Councillor Hughes?
       COUNCILLOR HUGHES: In line with the motion, Chair.
 9
10
       THE CHAIR: Councillor Jarman?
       COUNCILLOR JARMAN: Refuse, Chair, and apologies for not being
11
12
           very good at sums!
13
       THE CHAIR: Councillor Lewis?
14
       COUNCILLOR LEWIS: Refused, Chair.
       THE CHAIR: Councillor Owen?
15
       COUNCILLOR OWEN: Refused, Chair.
16
17
       THE CHAIR: Councillor Powderhill?
18
       COUNCILLOR POWDERHILL: Refused in line with the motion, Chair.
       THE CHAIR: Councillor Julie Williams?
19
20
       COUNCILLOR WILLIAMS: Refused, Chair.
       THE CHAIR: Right, that is the vote concluded. I will hand over
21
```

to Mr. Humphreys to sum up, please.

22

2.3

24

25

MR. HUMPHREYS: Thank you, Chair. With this application, members

are minded to refuse the application for the extension of the

quarry as it is a detriment to the amenity and wellbeing of

the area and in line with procedures, the matters will be reported back to another committee for the reasons for going against, for members to determine those. Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Mr. Humphreys. So that concludes application item 5 on the agenda.

- - - - - -