1	RHONDDA CYNON TAF COUNCIL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE
2	Minutes of the virtual meeting of the
3	Planning and Development Committee held on
4	Thursday, 9 July 2020 at 3.00 pm.
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6	County Borough Councillors - Planning and Development Committee Members in attendance:-
7	Councillor S Rees (Chair)
8	Councillor G Caple Councillor J Bonetto
9	Councillor P Jarman Councillor D Grehan Councillor G Hughes Councillor J Williams
10	Councillor W Owen Councillor R Yeo  Councillor D Williams Councillor S Powderhill
11	Officers in attendance:-
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13	Mr C Hanagan, Service Director of Democratic Services & Communication
14	Mr S Gale, Director of Prosperity & Development Mr J Bailey, Head of Planning
15	Mr S Zeinali, Highways Development Control Manager Mr S Humphreys, Head of Legal Services
16	Mr H Towns - Minerals and Waste Planning Manager Mr N Pilliner, Environmental Protection and Housing Standards
17	Manager Mr G Purnell, Pollution Control Officer
18	County Borough Councillors in attendance:-
19	Councillor R Bevan, Councillor H Fychan, Councillor S Pickering and Councillor M Powell
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21	(Transcript of a digital recording by
22	Marten Walsh Cherer Limited, 2nd Floor, Quality House, 6-9 Quality Court, Chancery Lane, London, WC2A 1HP.
23	Telephone No: 020 7067 2900. DX 410 LDE.
24	Email: info@martenwalshcherer.com. www.martenwalshcherer.com)

THE CHAIR: Thank you, members, good afternoon and welcome to everyone. Are there any declarations of interest?

COUNCILLOR D WILLIAMS: Chair, I would like to declare a personal and prejudicial request on Application No: 15/0666/10. It is prejudicial and personal because I am involved with the action group that is against the extension of the quarry.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Williams. Can we get a motion for the Human Rights Act, please?

A SPEAKER: I move.

A SPEAKER: Second.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, and the Wellbeing of Future Generations

Act?

A SPEAKER: I move.

A SPEAKER: Second.

THE CHAIR: Okay, we will move on then. There is only one item that we are considering here this afternoon and that is Application No: 15/0666/10. This a western extension to the existing quarry to include the phased extraction of an additional 10 million tonnes of pennant sandstone. This at Craig Yr Hesg quarry, and this is a Craig Yr Hesg Quarry, Quarry road, Berw Road, Pontypridd.

We have got local members who have indicated they wanted to speak on this item. Councillor Mike Powell was the first to indicate. Is Councillor Powell with us? No, he is not

with us. Well, Councillor Fychan is with us, so I will call Councillor Fychan now. Councillor Fychan, you have five minutes to address the Committee when you are ready.

COUNCILLOR FYCHAN: Thank you very much for your time. Obviously, we have gone through the arguments in February so I do not want to rehearse those. The only thing I would say is that there is a huge amount of strength and opposition locally to this throughout Pontypridd. I think the comments have been summarised in the report, but I am not sure if you, as Committee members, have also seen the photographs submitted and all those letters. I believe there are hundreds of letters received and I think they are extremely powerful. They are being shared on social media. You can see the impact of this on people who are living with the effects of the quarry day in, day out.

We heard reference to the Wellbeing of Future

Generations Act and I think that was the one we were mindful

of last time this was discussed at Committee, but this is a

25-year expansion to a quarry where it was promised to the

community that this would not happen again, that this would be

the end of the life of the quarry.

I note the comments relating, in the report, around the LBP, but we must be conscious that the LBP ends in 2021 and from the report, it is only for ten years post that LBP that we must have the reserves in place. It also notes in the

report that there is no shortage of supply (unclear due to audio distortion) so I think we need to take into account that things have changed significantly since that LBP was written and that we do now have (unclear due to audio distortion).

Along with that, we have a Clean Air Plan for Wales which is currently under consultation. This ended in March and obviously some of that progression has been delayed due to COVID-19, but that will change acceptable levels of pollution and clean air. I think we need to take into account that this is imminent in terms of changes and would have a bearing in terms of any future decisions.

In terms of the impact on other areas beyond Glyncoch, we have heard that there are proposals to create a screening and a noise barrier between the extended area in Glyncoch, but I just want to draw your attention that this will not make a difference to some of the areas that are also suffering noise pollution. Only last Friday, a major blast was felt from the quarry in Graigwen, White Rock in Pontypridd, where it was felt and heard. So, this is a real concern for residents if it is going to be extended.

In terms of Berw Road, I am disappointed in the report, that the data on page 38 is from 2012 and 2013, and there has not been a more recent survey undertaken. I think anybody who uses or spends time on Berw Road would say that traffic has increased from the quarry and I would urge that we need a more

up-to-date report rather than rely on data that is outdated at the moment.

There are also concerns that there have been breaches of previous environmental conditions. You can see clouds of dust. If you have seen the photograph, there are clouds of dust on a regular basis from the area. Obviously, we know as well, in terms of health concerns, that there are high levels of respiratory problems with children and COPD in the area affected so I think we really do need to ask.

We are told here that society needs these minerals.

I stress we do not need these if it has human cost and for our community. There is very little benefit from this development for our community. All I can see are risks to health and wellbeing which are not in line with the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act and I urge you to stick with your decision in February and support local residents in opposing this expansion of the quarry, which would be for 25 years and completely unacceptable for our community.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Fychan. Is Councillor Powell with us?

COUNCILLOR POWELL: Yes, I am indeed, Chair. I have just come from a group leaders' Zoom meeting.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Councillor Powell, just by means of explanation, we have started the meeting. As you know, we are only dealing with the one item today, which is the item that

came first to the Committee back in February, and you have indicated that you would like to speak again today on this item. So, you have got five minutes to address Committee when you are ready.

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COUNCILLOR POWELL: Thank you very much, Chair. I would have been slightly better prepared if I had not just come from a group leaders' meeting and caught just part of Councillor Fychan's very eloquent reasoning for the continuation for the Committee to actually refuse this planning application.

I am fully in support of Councillor Fychan's call. I think it would be hugely detrimental to the impact of the health and wellbeing not just of the people of Glyncoch, but also to the people of Cilfynydd, who are predominantly westerly, with the particles of dust. I have observed it myself fairly recently on a clear day and it had a sort of south-westerly wind. There had been some blasting at the I did take some photographs, which I was going to try and get together for this meeting, but you could actually see the clouds of dust moving over Glyncoch itself. If we are going to actually expand this, or allow it to expand, it is not a case that there would be more dust. There will be the same problem with the amount of dust, but over a longer period of time, and I do not think it is fair to the residents of Glyncoch to put up with that.

We also have the issue with the vehicles using Berw Road

to access the A470. They come through Councillor Williams' ward initially, Councillor Fychan's ward, and through my ward and then down the A470. The number and the volume of the vehicles will increase. We are talking 44-tonne lorries, which put an awful lot of pollution into the atmosphere. atmosphere, because we are in the bottom of the valley, is expanding and to a degree dissipating, but it is not; it is really covering more areas at the bottom of the valleys where we have a lot of people living in forest area, in the. Cilfynydd area, down in through Hawthorn. 

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We have seen that the Welsh Assembly Government have implemented a 50 mile an hour speed limit on the A470 in our area to reduce the emissions. This application, if it was to progress, is not going to do that. It is just going to increase the problems with the emissions. It is going to increase the traffic congestion in the area, which is not particularly good at the moment. I know there are things that could be done to ameliorate it.

We did have an application before us, before quite a few members' time, but I am sure Councillor Jarman will remember the Beverley Fields Mill Farm Pontypridd. There is a photograph of the proposed link road across from Glyncoch to the A470 in Cilfynydd, which would perhaps have ameliorated the traffic issues, but it is still not going to ameliorate the problems with the dust in that small locality. That is

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one of the reasons, I think, we should continue to oppose Mr. Bailey is aware that I have asked for the full this. report because I can remember, as Councillor Jarman probably does, making decisions on that application, which failed. Nevertheless, there was one bonus coming out of it, which was the cross-valley link. We are really in a position now where we have feelings with this coronavirus, where, from the point of traffic on our roads, what do we do? We have the opportunity to actually implement decisions not for now, but for the next 30 or 40 years, and by granting this application, I think it would be really detrimental to what we really should be looking at for the benefit of the people living in Pontypridd now, which will impact upon them for 30 years. know Councillor Fychan mentioned 25, but it is not going to be 25, it would be 30, it could be 50 years' time. something which we have got to consider now because once it has started, there is no stopping this. It is just going to roll and roll.

So, I hope the Committee actually stands by the decision it made back in February and votes against this planning application. Then the officers will be able to have the information at hand as I am sure they will have to deal with the Welsh Assembly with an appeal made to them to see whether or not they continue with this planning application or they let it go forward and reverse our decision.

Thank you very much, Chair, for allowing me to comment on this application to your Committee. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you, Councillor Powell. Councillor Pickering?

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COUNCILLOR PICKERING: Thank you, Chair. As you know, Ynysybwl neighbours Glyncoch and a primary concern for me and residents of Ynysybwl is the highways issue. If anybody living in Ynysybwl needs to access school, hospital, work or the crematorium, we have to go through Pontypridd. This means passing Craig Yr Hesg Quarry and travelling down Berw Road on to the traffic lights at the police station. It is one way in and one way out. You need to navigate through the traffic pinch points at the bottom and top end of Berw Road and the build-up at the lights.

Prior to lockdown and following the damage caused by

Storm Dennis in February and the necessary closure of the

White Bridge leading in to Trallwn, the traffic queue at the

lights was backing up as far as Glyncoch at peak times and

there were daily, certainly hourly complaints, to be honest.

The White Bridge, obviously, was used as a route to avoid the

lights and is likely to be out of use for quite some time now,

as we know. So, delays once again will affect the lives of

residents living in Ynysybwl and Glyncoch as we gradually

return to normality.

Huge 44-tonne lorries, often moving in convoy, with

evidence, I understand, of 277 vehicular movements per week, will add to this traffic nightmare. I have sat there personally and witnessed only one lorry moving through the lights on green at a time -- one vehicle at a time, with a huge queue of people behind it, trying to go about their business. 44-tonne lorries travelling along narrow already congested roads are causing havoc and, in my opinion, causing a huge safety risk.

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I feel the children going to school from Ynysybwl and Glyncoch and Pontypridd High (unclear) and Pontsion Norton often face huge delays, children as young as three years' old with regards to Pontsion Norton, sitting on the bus for very long periods of time and more often than not being late for school. I fear people trying to attend hospital appointments will be late and possibly miss these long-awaited appointments. I fear that a funeral cortege will be stuck in congested traffic, stuck at the lights in Pontypridd on its way to Glyntaff Crematorium, and will miss its slot entirely, or the allotted funeral time reduced significantly.

Further to my highways concerns, when the wind blows in a certain way, dust does reach as far as Ynysybwl and if the proposed extension goes ahead, it will bring the quarry workings closer to the village posing more of a risk to residents. Being a former mining village, the elderly residents of Ynysybwl are not strangers to this dust. My own

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father, a former miner, had pneumoconiosis. I have seen firsthand the effects of dust on the lungs and believe me it is not something I would want to put our children at risk from. As you are travelling down the A470, you will see signs saying "Pollution kills" and I can tell you I know what it does.

There is one more thing, if I am allowed to ask this. I am surprised that my colleague, my neighbouring fellow Councillor who this affects more directly in terms of air pollution and blasting, is not able to speak today. Why is that, please? May I ask that question, please?

- MR. HUMPHREYS: The answer is that the Code of Conduct prohibits

  Councillor Doug Williams from addressing the Committee because

  he has declared a personal and prejudicial interest.
- COUNCILLOR POWELL: Chair, can I have a question, Chair, from the legal officer?
- THE CHAIR: Councillor Powell, no, sorry, this is not a question and answer session.
- COUNCILLOR POWELL: The officer's information is incorrect, that the Code of Conduct does not stop him from actually speaking.
- THE CHAIR: We have already dealt with this matter, Councillor Powell. This has already been dealt with, with the legal officer. So, Councillor Pickering, have you finished your ----
- COUNCILLOR PICKERING: Yes, sorry. Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Okay. I will hand over to Mr. Humphreys now.

MR. HUMPHREYS: Thank you, Chair. At this point I would ask the Committee to move a resolution that the press and public be excluded from the meeting under section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972 in order for the Committee to receive legal advice in connection with this application, on the grounds that it will involve a likely disclosure of information as defined in paragraph 16 of part 4 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972; namely, information in respect of which a claim for legal professional privilege could be maintained in legal proceedings.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Humphreys. Well, I so move that we do go into part 4, then. Is that seconded?

COUNCILLOR CAPLE: Second that, Chair.

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THE CHAIR: Do other members agree that we do that, so we can get specific legal advice? Yes? Councillor Williams, yes.

Councillor Jarman, yes. Okay, that is agreed.

Is everybody present that needs to be present? Yes.

Okay. Just to remind members, then, that we are here this afternoon to look at a deferred application, original minded 2 decision to refuse the extension of Craig Yr Hesg quarry, Berw Road, Pontypridd. So I will hand over to Mr. Bailey now to introduce the report before handing over to Mr. Towns.

MR. BAILEY: Thank you, Chair. As you have outlined, this is an application that came before Committee in February of this

year and prior to that some members of Committee attended a site visit towards the tail end of December in 2019, in order to observe the site.

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When this matter came before Committee in February, there was a long debate, I am sure members will recall, with a number of public speakers raising strong concerns with the proposal and there was also representatives there from the applicant, the agent, SLR representing Hansons. After that long consideration and debate members voted that they were clearly minded to refuse the application on three grounds, and they are set out within the report back.

As you have indicated, Chair, Mr. Hugh Towns, who
I introduced to members at that meeting in February, is
present today and he will run through the report which sets
out what we feel to be the relative strengths and weaknesses
of those particular concerns expressed at that meeting.

But before I do that, Chair, if I can just run through some items of late correspondence that we have had in. These have been circulated to members so I am hoping that members have had an opportunity to have a look at these. We have had up until midday today 62 e-mails sent in to us, predominantly over the last week or so, since the publication of the report on the Council's website. 60 of those raise objections to the application and the objections contained within those e-mails do not really raise any new issues that were not or had not

already been expressed at the time of the Committee consideration in February and refer to issues such as blasting, air quality, dust, traffic, environmental issues.

There are two letters or e-mails in support of the proposal, Chair.

We have also had a re-presented letter from Vikki
Howells AM, this is a copy of the letter that was considered
and presented to members again prior to the meeting in
February and sets out concerns on behalf of her constituents
largely on points to do with the fact that the works would
fall within the 200 metre buffer zone; the fact that blasting
operations already cause significant concerns in the locality;
issues of air pollution; and the increase in traffic.

There has been a further e-mail on behalf of Ynysybwl and Coed-y-Cwm Community Council, which again reiterates objections to the submission. Then we have two letters from SLR Consulting who are the planning agent for Hanson in respect of this application. The first of these, whilst has been circulated as a late letter, was received in February, several weeks after the initial Committee meeting, Chair, and I am sure members have probably read this. It sets out Hanson's disappointment at the earlier Committee resolution, and identifies the fact there were no technical objections from any statutory consultees. It seeks to set out the benefits that may flow from the application and the benefits

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that Hanson's feel they have dedicated to the community during the course of the quarry working to date. They also set out in that letter, which is the letter I think Councillor Powderhill probably referred to, where they confirm that they would be, should the Council refuse the application, pursuing the matter to appeal and seeking an award of costs against the Council.

The second letter is the one more recently received in the last few days, 7th July and that notes that the report to committee today identifies one reason for refusal, having considered the strengths and weaknesses of the concerns expressed in February. In the view of Hanson's agent, they feel that matter could be dealt with by a condition, if that was members' sole reason of concern -- and Hugh will come on to deal with that view -- and also they have suggested, as the recommendation notes, an additional condition were members minded to approve, an additional condition limiting output from the quarry to 400,000 tonnes per annum. SLR have sought a condition that effectively averages the tonnage output over a three-year period. Again, perhaps you will comment on that, but that is not a version of that condition in the wording they presented in the letter, which we would support and recommend to members.

So, those are the late letters that we have had, Chair. Perhaps, as Hugh speaks, I will ask Bethan to put the plans

up, so members are reminded of the proximity of the site to those nearest properties in Glyncoch and you can see exactly where the extension is to the west of the existing quarry.

Thank you.

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THE CHAIR: Thank you. Okay. Mr. Towns, can I call you in there?

MR. TOWNS: Okay, Chair, can everybody hear me? Just make sure.

Right. The report that has been put before members seeks to address the relative strengths and weaknesses of the concerns identified by members at the February Committee and these are dealt with in turn in the report and they relate to adverse health impacts due to air quality, adverse amenity impacts of not providing a 200 metre buffer zone and damage to the highway network.

First of all, in relation to health and air quality, the report does recognise the concerns that have been put forward by objectors in relation to concerns about poor air quality, and it is recognised as being an environmental risk to public health where there is poor air quality. Unfortunately, from a point of view of the objectors, the position that has been adopted by Public Health Wales and the Cwn Taf University Health Board is that there is no poor air quality in Glyncoch at the present time. In fact, the Public Health Wales specifically in their consultation response identified air quality within Glyncoch as being good and as being good with the quarry already operating within the area. Therefore, the

extension of the quarry and continuation of operations would not adversely affect air quality over and above its current situation.

Secondly, another weakness of the case in relation to air quality and health impact is the national air quality objectives, which provide pragmatic public health safeguards. The latest air quality progress report indicates that air quality objectives within Glyncoch are being met, and the level of pollutants is approximately 50% of the standard; therefore, well within air quality objectives standards.

Thirdly, as I have mentioned previously, Public Health Wales and the University Health Board have indicated that air quality is good and then based on current levels of activities adverse air quality impacts and human health impacts are unlikely.

With that position, by Public Health Wales and Cwn Taf
University Health Board, it would be very difficult to
substantiate a reason for air quality and health impacts if
that is their position.

What the report does go on to say is that they did base that on current levels of activity. So, current levels of activity being in the region of 400,000 tonnes per annum and the environmental statement having assessed the impact based on 400,000 tonnes per annum, an additional condition would be warranted setting a limit of 400,000 tonnes per annum.

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It has been suggested by SLR, the agents for the applicant, that they would accept a condition averaging 400,000 tonnes over a three-year period, 400,000 tonnes per annum over a three-year period. That would be unacceptable on the basis that it does not safeguard the position and ensure that the current levels of activity are maintained. By having an average it would allow them to close down for a year and have 600,000 tonnes per annum potentially for two years.

Now, that is a position that the Council would not be able to put itself in, because it would not safeguard the community from levels of activity that would be higher than the current levels, and Public Health Wales and the University Health Board have not commented on higher levels, so we could not be certain that their position would not change.

Based on that additional condition, there are three there significant weaknesses to a refusal on the grounds of the impact on health and air quality and it is not considered by officers that a reason for refusal on that basis could be justified or substantiated.

I am going to move on to highways secondly. Previously, members indicated concerns in relation to damage to the highway infrastructure as a reason for refusal. The report highlights the number of traffic movements on the B4273 associated with the quarry. The numbers associated with the quarry are relatively limited. They are 140 vehicle movements

per day, which would be 70 in and 70 out for HGVs, and that is out of a total of 847 on the road system. So, the quarry contributes 16.5% of the HGV movements along that road.

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Now, if you look at the total number of vehicles along that road, 11,600, the contribution made by the quarry is about 1.2% of the total number of traffic movements which is extremely small. So, in terms of the damage that 1.2% of the traffic movements would create on the public highway, that would be insignificant in our view and would not justify a reason for refusal on that basis.

The report does go on to consider that HGV movements manoeuvring in and out of the entrance would have the potential to adversely affect the highway infrastructure in that entrance location. However, the section 59 of the Highways Act 1980 gives the local authority power to remedy such damage and recover their costs from the site operator should such damage occur. Therefore, damage could occur but the remedy already exists in law without refusing this application to allow the Council to remedy the situation without being out of pocket.

So, in terms of damage to the highway, again, with the limited number of lorry movements relative to the amount of traffic on that road, and the fact that there is a remedy to any damage in the entrance from the manoeuvring of vehicles, again significant weaknesses to that argument; and, again, we

do not think as officers that could be justified were we challenged.

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The third reason that was put forward by members related to the proposed extension extending within 200 metres of sensitive development (i.e. residential development and the school) and that the impact of noise, dust and vibration and the impact on amenity to that sensitive development was unacceptable.

The report has looked at the potential impacts of noise, dust and blasting, it was looked at in detail in the original report, and is considered again in relation to this issue.

Having considered the noise, dust and blasting position, officers are of the view that there is no significant adverse impact on the sensitive development by encroachment within 200 metres. Nevertheless, it has to be accepted that Minerals Technical Advice Note 1 does say that 200 metres should be the buffer zone limit and it should only be reduced in clear and justifiable situations.

Now, from an officer point of view, it is difficult to argue that given the background information on noise, dust and blasting there would be significant amenity concerns, but it is for members to decide whether there are clear and justifiable reasons whether the 200 metres should be rigidly applied in this case, or whether it should be reduced to what is proposed by the applicant.

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that ten years' supply has to be in place at any point. I think at the moment the supply in RCT is possibly about 12 years, off the top of my head. But in terms of going forward, and for your next LDP, consideration will need to be given to what the Regional Technical Statement For Aggregates in South Wales will say when it comes out later this year and it is likely to require RCT to provide enough material which will be greater than the ability of Craig Yr Hesg, Hendy and Forest Wood to produce. So, there will be additional site required if this site is found to be unacceptable. Obviously, that is something for members to be aware of when making the decision. It has no particular impact on this decision other than this is the only site identified in the LDP to meet the requirements and without this site there would have to be an alternative found. The recommendation of officers continues to be that the application should be approved, subject to the conditions

So, those are the relative strengths and weaknesses.

The report does also touch on the requirement for Rhondda

Cynon Taf Council to have a steady supply of minerals and the

requirement under Policy CS10 of the local development plan is

The recommendation of officers continues to be that the application should be approved, subject to the conditions attached to the original report, subject to an additional condition setting an annual limit of 400,000 tonnes per annum for output and a section 106 agreement as indicated in the original report.

Mr. Jim Bailey did highlight the fact that the reason for refusal that has been put forward, the recommendation that has been put forward is that: "Minerals Technical Advice Note 1 on Aggregates paragraphs 70 and 71 identify a suitable minimum distance between hard rock quarries and sensitive developments of 200 metres and states that any reduction from this distance should be evidenced by clear and justifiable reasons. The proposed quarry extension encroaches within 200 metres of sensitive development and the Council does not consider that the applicant has provided sufficient evidence of clear and justifiable reasons for reducing that minimum distance in this case."

That is the reason for refusal put forward should members not wish to make a decision contrary to officer advice.

It was noted by Mr. Bailey earlier that SLR considered that reason for refusal can be overcome by the imposition of a condition which requires them not to work within 200 metres of sensitive property. Having considered that approach, officers are not of the view that is a suitable way forward. Because all the plans and documents submitted with the application make it clear that the proposal is based on what the applicant considers to be the logical position of the extent of the quarry. Were a condition to be imposed reducing that logical extent, that may be seen in itself to be unreasonable because

it does not accord with what the plans and documents that have been put forward.

So, whilst they considered that a condition would address that reason for refusal, officers' position is that that is not appropriate in this case. Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Mr. Towns. Okay. Thank you both

Mr. Bailey and Mr. Towns for that presentation. I will open
the debate, call in Councillor Jarman.

COUNCILLOR JARMAN: Thank you, Chair. Can I say at the outset the only sure way the Council can guarantee this development will not proceed is by withdrawing its offer to sell it to Hanson's subject to planning; but that is not something this Committee can do, because it was an executive decision of the Council which we were not a party to, but there is food for thought there I am sure.

Chair, it is a while now since we last considered this application and I have spent some time reviewing all the documentation that has been deposited by the applicant since 2015.

Then earlier this week we were sent a letter on behalf of Hanson's by SLR which officers have referred to, dated 7th July, just a few days ago. I would like to concentrate my comments on the recommended reason for refusal relating to the buffer distance which the officer has just recited, so I will not repeat it, Chair. I am persuaded by the argument that can

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be made in defence of that reason for refusal, despite SLR suggesting in their letter that we can attach the condition which enshrines the 200 metre buffer must be retained throughout the site. But unlike the assurance given that Hansons would not appeal the condition on the average output of 400,000 tons, no such commitment is given in so far as the 200 metre buffer condition is concerned, which is very disingenuous, to say the least.

Therefore, I am of a mind, Chair, that if a condition is attached, it is still on the 200 metre buffer zone, then Hanson will appeal that condition, quoting case law from 1989 or 2000, as they have in their planning policy document that they submitted in 2015, the case law from 1989 or 2000 as they did, and also the LDP inspector is quoted in some detail in those documents.

I think despite all that, the fact that they were prepared to consider a condition attached to the insistence on a 200 metre buffer zone speaks volumes because it goes against everything that they submitted in their planning application, but what it does hint is that they are uncertain that the Council is not on strong grounds in refusing it for that very reason. I think that speaks volumes for the arguments put forward, Chair.

We have looked long and hard at this and I must say that the presumption made by SLR that we come here and we are

casual about our decision-making is an insult to this Planning Committee. I would like to question some of the information that they are claiming relating to the number of people who would be employed as a consequence of this.

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In their planning policy document that they submitted initially, they said that there would be 16 directly employed and 30 indirectly, hauliers, making a full-time equivalent of 46 jobs. In the most recent letter received from, was it Mr. Jenkins, he cites that there would be 135 jobs benefiting as a consequence of this development. But he does illustrate it by saying 25 full-time on site, 40 drivers, 20-30 contractor drivers, 40 servicing and maintenance jobs, making 135 jobs. Well, again, I think that is a little disingenuous, when at the same token he is saying the number of vehicles to and from the site will be very marginal.

I am not persuaded that we need to approve this application, Chair. I have given reasons why I would support the recommendation to refuse on the basis of the reasons set out on page 11 of our report today.

I wondered if I could also put on record, whilst I have been brought up in a dusty environment, I am of a generation where the extraction industry was at its peak. I do not care what anybody says about not being able to breathe in the particulates in relation to this site, it is a very debilitating experience. If you were living at home

I have lived with it with extraction industries and the furnace plant in Aberaman. It is debilitating on households. They might not be able to breathe it in, but they are touching it every day, and I do not accept that does not have an effect

surrounded by dust 24/7, that is enough to drive you crazy.

Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Councillor Jarman, can I just ask, you referred to, you accept in the grounds of refusal. Are you making a motion?

on health. It has a very significant effect on health.

COUNCILLOR JARMAN: I want to hear the rest of the debate, Chair, at this moment. That is why I said I would like to come in perhaps after hearing other speakers.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you. Can I call on Councillor Hughes.

COUNCILLOR HUGHES: Thank you very much, Chair. I just wanted to ask a question in relation to the suggested additional recommendation of limiting the extraction to 400,000 tonnes per year, in terms of how would that be monitored and controlled? If they would not adhere to that 400,000 tonnes extraction rate per year, how would they then be dealt with and who would then deal with that? Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Mr. Bailey?

MR. BAILEY: Thank you, Chair. I am sure Hugh can correct me if I am wrong. Certainly, in terms of the amount of material that would be coming out of that quarry, then that has to be

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leaving the quarry. There is, if you like, an ongoing register record kept which would record the volumes that would be exported from the quarry. So it is on that basis I think it is fair to say, Hugh -- and please jump in if I am wrong -- the authority is able to monitor the volumes of material over a year period.

recorded. They have a weighbridge facility for vehicles

Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Mr. Towns, did you want to come back in there? Yes. As Jim Bailey said, there is a weighbridge on Every load going out would need a weighbridge ticket associated with it. Now, most quarries these days have a monitoring regime where officers from local authorities go to monitor the sites and we are certainly talking to RCT at the moment about whether we could provide a service to you in relation to that. But any monitoring visit you would ask to see the weighbridge tickets. You could verify that then by looking at the amount of material that has been removed from the face from one visit to the other, work out the volume of the material that has been taken from the face and does that equate to the tonnage at the weighbridge. So, there are checks and balances that can be applied.

If they exceed 400,000 tonnes per annum, the response to that from the Council would potentially be that they serve a breach of condition notice identifying that 400,000 tonnes per

annum has been breached and if it was breached again it would 2 result in immediate prosecution in the magistrates court. 3

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That would be remedy.

Okay, thank you for that. Councillor Bonetto. THE CHAIR:

COUNCILLOR BONETTO: My question goes back to the health aspect of I know we have heard about the air quality and everything like that. What I would like to know is, has there been any evidence submitted to, if cases of COPD and any lung conditions are at a higher level there than they are in anywhere else within that neighbourhood. It is something I would find interesting to see. Having lived with mining and everything like that, I come from the Midlands originally, so, yes, I know what dust and everything is like, because we were a big mining community. So I would like to know on this basis, if there is any evidence to support that this will have any effects on people's lives.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Can I call Gareth in on that one.

MR. PURNELL: As I understand it, the local Health Board and in conjunction with Public Health Wales has had some regard to the instance of disease within the local community of Glyncoch. There is only a very limited understanding due to the very small population of Glyncoch, and the relatively infrequent occurrence of the type of diseases which you may associate with the particular matter. So it is not possible to draw firm conclusions, but as I understand it, they did not find any evidence which would suggest it would require further investigation into the matter.

COUNCILLOR BONETTO: Okay. Interesting.

THE CHAIR: Councillor Caple.

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COUNCILLOR CAPLE: Thank you, Chair. This is no doubt a very difficult decision. However, what is absolutely clear in my mind are the contributions made by the objectors, including local members, who spoke so eloquently at a meeting of 6th February. It is evident that all the mitigations and monitoring are not reflected in the experience and realities of those who reside in the community. The realities of blasting and dust and concerns of a local GP in relation to health and well-being cannot be discounted. The minimum buffer zone, and I emphasise minimum, is breached and compromised from 200 metres down to around 160-170 metres. Therefore, in conclusion I will be voting to refuse this application.

COUNCILLOR FYCHAN: I would second that, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Councillor Caple, are you making a firm motion?

COUNCILLOR CAPLE: I will formally move to refuse the application.

THE CHAIR: Can you be clear about your grounds, your grounds,

please, Councillor Caple.

COUNCILLOR CAPLE: As I mentioned in my speech, the buffer zone in particular.

THE CHAIR: Right. So, you are moving against officers'

recommendation to refuse the application on the grounds that it breaches the buffer zone, the required 200 metre buffer zone?

COUNCILLOR CAPLE: Yes.

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THE CHAIR: Okay. Is that seconded?

COUNCILLOR FYCHAN: Yes.

COUNCILLOR D WILLIAMS: Yes.

THE CHAIR: I have two seconders and I can see who they are on my screen.

COUNCILLOR D WILLIAMS: I second it, Chair, I am Councillor Williams.

THE CHAIR: Okay. So that is fine. Okay.

The next speaker is Councillor Owen.

COUNCILLOR OWEN: Yes, Chair. During the last meeting when this came to Committee I was concerned, concerning the Youth Club and the closeness to the quarry. That is something like 120, between 100 and 120 metres, but the officers do not seem to look at that as a reason for refusal. At the end of the day, we, as Councillors, are elected to represent the people that we actually represent. I will be voting the same way as I voted last and I will be voting against this application as well. Big businesses should not be telling us what to do. We are here to look after the residents and that is what I believe. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Owen. Councillor Powderhill?

COUNCILLOR POWDERHILL: Thank you, Chair. I am looking at it from both angles, from the angle of benefits and the retention of so-called needed reserves. Also, from the detrimental effect on local lives and lives as put out by the members. I would have liked to have heard at firsthand what the local elected member had to say. I really would have. I am going to say it again, I am genuinely appalled that I could not listen to that, but I understand the reasons and that is correct.

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Now, I grew up in a mining village Ynysybwl and
I delivered newspapers. As a young child, listening to old
people who had worked down the pits struggling to get a breath
and I would have throw the newspaper through the bedroom
window, because they could not come down because they were on
oxygen.

I understand the dust. Silicosis is quite close to both pneumonia and, of course, asbestosis. It is a silent killer and I am pretty sure that we have not seen the results of what has gone on over the past 25 years. We all know that asbestos, et cetera, can lay dormant for a long time. I am pretty sure of this as well, but you have to take it all on its own merit.

The buffer zone is there for a reason. It is there for a reason or there would not be a buffer zone. I know that when I used to go on site to photograph these, I would have to wear a hard hat, I would have to wear the reflective gear, the

steel toecaps, and on occasion masks as well.

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Now, if you are just outside the buffer zone, you do not have to have any of that, but if you are inside the working area of the quarry, you have to have all that. That is why the buffer zone is there. You know, it is there for a reason otherwise the people on site would not be wearing hats. They would not need these things. Health and Safety Executive say they are there for a reason so the public now can have their buffer zone included and yet that is acceptable.

Looking at it on balance, the benefits and the need for the reserves does not, or should not, ever compromise the health and safety of the local community. Regarding the journeys of these 44-tonne vehicles, anybody knows -- I think the report is quite obvious -- that a 2012 transport report is outdated. We are in uncertain times at the moment with the White Bridge gone. All of the traffic goes down Berw Road now. Everything goes down Berw Road. Just with those vehicles alone, only one can go through the traffic lights so, as was intimated earlier, the traffic does back up, and then they go through in a convoy. For them to get out on to the main road, once one goes through, they go through in a convoy, therefore blocking the traffic.

So, I do think as well that it is an important reason, but I agree with what has been said by members. We are there to make a balanced decision and that is what I am making now

-- a balanced decision. I have taken on board what has been said, the reasons for approving it, I have taken on board the reasons for refusal, and I think the health and safety concerns of the buffer zone are sufficient to warrant refusal so I am going to go for refusal. Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Powderhill. Councillor Grehan.

COUNCILLOR GREHAN: Thank you very much.

The question I have is regarding these large lorries that are backwards and forwards along Berw Road, do the officers think that, maybe, these lorries, their weight, and the vibrations that are coming from them is affecting the walls?

We know in the floods that many of the walls along Berw Road collapsed, it's possible that the lorries could have affected that?

Can I just ask the opinion of officers from Porth Road, maybe Mr Zenali on that?

THE CHAIR: Mr. Zeinali?

MR. ZEINALI: Thank you, Chair. In terms of HGV movements and the potential vibration generated by the wheels, certainly in terms of the obvious impact of any vibration, it would be so minor that I cannot see that vibration having adverse impact on the structural integrity of any dwelling in Berw Road, indeed. Clearly, it is the wear and tear impact of the lorries on the Berw Road itself which results in maintenance

liability for the Council. Hence, the reason why it was being suggested that the Council, if they can, can monitor that and establish the cause of damage to the fabric of the highway caused by excessive lorries and then we can use section 59 of the Highways Act to compare, obviously, and recoup the money back from the developer, in this case the quarry.

In answering the question, certainly the vibration generated by the wheels, obviously rubber tyre wheels, would not be significant to cause damage to the fabric of the structures that is the houses in Berw Road. Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Mr. Zeinali. Councillor Jarman, you have indicated that you wanted to come back in.

COUNCILLOR JARMAN: Yes, thank you, Chair. I just wondered, this SLR, the 7th July one, really is hypercritical of anyone in Rhondda Cynon Taf, officer or member, in determining this application and that is regrettable. I wondered, following on from where I ended last time, regarding the attachment of a condition, as SLR suggested, officers said that they could not do that because the body of the application has not got the flexibility to introduce that.

Now, given all that is in the SLR letter, I am wondering what is in their mind, this late in the day, in suggesting, "Please do not refuse it, but attach a condition setting out the imposition of a buffer zone, which could be adopted by this Committee", where all along the way they have not wanted

any of that buffer zone to be realised other than the one that they have in their application.

Now, it does seem a bit rich to me for them to come in at this late date. On the one instance, they have written a form of words on the 400,000 tonnes as if our officers would not be capable of drafting a suitable condition for that. On top of that, they say, "Please do not refuse this, attach a condition on the buffer zone."

Well, I think the clear message from the report and for our officers today is that it is a bit late in the day to do that and it is not doable. That is the crux of the recommendation in front of us. It is that they have not persuaded us, as a local planning authority, that -- what are the words -- "The proposed quarry extension encroaches within 200m of sensitive development and the Council does not consider that the applicant has provided sufficient evidence of clear and justifiable reasons for reducing the minimum distance in this case." That is clear, that is categoric, and the person who drafted that SLR letter is very well aware of it. This is a sound recommendation and can be defended on the basis of SLR weakening their own argument in relation to the buffer zone.

I am very comfortable with supporting the decision to refuse on the basis of the recommended reason relating to buffer zone, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you, Councillor Jarman. Councillor Williams?

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COUNCILLOR J WILLIAMS: I wanted to agree with what Councillor Owen said. We are here to represent residents and that is why there is this committee, is it not? In the last meeting when we agreed to refuse this application, the representations were very powerful, both from Councillor Williams and from members of the public. The buffer zone is a definite reason for refusal and I wonder whether we should still, even though we have been told that the air quality is okay by what Public Health Wales has got to say and Cwm Taf, I still have concerns about the health of residents everywhere in the area and similarly with highway safety. We know the damage that is going to happen to Berw Road and, you know, I just cannot vote (unclear due to audio distortion). I will not refuse, but I do wonder if we can add highway safety and health grounds to our reasons, even though the buffer zone is (unclear due to audio distortion). Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Well, we have a firm motion before us, Councillor Williams, which is on the basis of the buffer zone, and I think really what we have heard from officers is that the buffer zone is one that they are clearly in breach of and in terms of any condition attached, we are charged with looking at the plan that they themselves have put before us, and that plan breaches the buffer zone. So, it is not for us to tell

them how to put a plan in. So, we have a clear motion from Councillor Caple that we refuse the application against officers' recommendations ----

COUNCILLOR J WILLIAMS: I just wonder whether we can strengthen it, Chair. I am not disputing anything against the motion, Councillor Caple. We are often told about the (unclear due to audio distortion) I would be happy to stay where we are. I just wondered.

THE CHAIR: I call Mr. Bailey in.

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MR. BAILEY: Thank you, Chair. I think what we have tried to do in the report back before you this afternoon is give you a very fair and objective report in terms of what we feel the relative strengths and weaknesses are for those three concerns expressed at the last meeting. I think, for the reasons that Hugh very clearly set out, in terms of all the evidence, in terms of air quality and the health impacts, it would be very difficult indeed for us to come up with any substantive argument to support that reason, if it was a reason you wanted to go with.

The same is true, again for the reasons set out, in terms of highways. However, in terms of the fact that the proposal does incur within, and it does suggest a minimum of a 200 metre buffer zone within the mineral TAN, that is a matter of fact.

The fact that the officers have perhaps suggested within

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the report that they feel that the measures of mitigation that Hansons have put forward within their application is sufficient to mitigate those impacts, as both Hugh and Simon set out at the very start of the meeting, members are quite entitled to take a contrary view. If you do not feel, which discussion would to tend to suggest is the case, that you do not feel that they have evidenced the reasons for incurring into that 200 metres, then I would strongly suggest to you that that would be the reason that you would put forward and not advance the other two reasons, which I feel would be far more difficult to evidence. Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Okay. There are two hands up. Councillor Hughes?

COUNCILLOR HUGHES: Thank you, Chair. Yes, I was just going to say that I think in a recent meeting, we were advised that actually, in circumstances like this, to not throw reasons at it, but to use relevant reasons. For me, looking at the evidence, there are health issues and the transportation issues can be mitigated against. However, the 200 metres is quite clear. There is not a 200 metre buffer and I would be uncomfortable adding the other reasons in. I would want to keep it specifically to the 200 metres, personally. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Councillor Jarman?

COUNCILLOR JARMAN: Thank you, Chair. Can I just pick up on the closing remarks of Mr. Bailey and read to you from the SLR

letter what they said about attaching a condition relating to the buffer zone: "We strongly and respectfully suggest that in the context of the recommendation to approve, the Committee does not need to refuse the application for the suggested reason and the alternative and appropriate approach of granting the application with a suitably-worded condition regarding the imposition of a buffer zone should be adopted by the Committee."

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They are worried about that condition that a refusal would be attached with and I think that they have come in with that. If we did attach a condition relating to the buffer zone, I have no doubt they would come in and they would appeal that condition, if nothing else, but I think that they know that we have very strong grounds for defending the recommendation, the suggested recommendation, which is likely members will support, because they let a cat out of the bag by those remarks, the closing remarks in the letter of SLR.

Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Councillor Jarman. No other members have indicated they wish to speak so we have had a motion and that has been seconded. So, we have had a motion to refuse the application to extend the quarry at Craig Yr Hesg quarry, Berw Road, Pontypridd against officers' recommendations. I will take a vote on that now. I will take a roll call vote on that. Councillor Bonetto?

COUNCILLOR BONETTO: Refusal of the application. 2 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Councillor Caple, you moved refusal so I 3 am taking that you will ----COUNCILLOR CAPLE: Refused, Chair. 4 5 THE CHAIR: Councillor Grehan? 6 COUNCILLOR GREHAN: In support of the proposal to refuse the 7 application. 8 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Councillor Hughes, you seconded. 9 COUNCILLOR HUGHES: Yes. THE CHAIR: Councillor Jarman? 10 11 COUNCILLOR JARMAN: Refuse the application. 12 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Councillor Owen? 13 COUNCILLOR OWEN: Refuse the application. 14 THE CHAIR: Councillor Powderhill? COUNCILLOR POWDERHILL: I have indicated I support the refusal 15 16 against the officers' recommendation, Chair. 17 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Councillor Williams? 18 COUNCILLOR WILLIAMS: Refused, Chair. THE CHAIR: And Councillor Yeo? 19 COUNCILLOR YEO: Refused, Chair, against the officers' 20 21 recommendation. 22 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Mr. Humphreys, could you sum up the 2.3 decision of the Committee, please? 24 MR. HUMPHREYS: Thank you, Chair. The Committee were unanimous in

the decision to refuse the application on the grounds set out

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in the report, that the "Minerals Technical Advice Note MTAN1, Aggregates, identifies a suitable minimum distance between hard rock quarries and sensitive development as 200 metres and states that any reduction from this distance should be evidenced by clear and justifiable reasons. The proposed quarry extension encroaches within 200 metres of sensitive development and the Council does not consider that the applicant has provided sufficient evidence of clear and justifiable reasons for reducing the minimum distance in this case." Thank you, Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you for that, Mr. Humphreys. The final item on today's agenda is any other urgent business. We have not had any so that conclude the meeting for today. We do have another meeting next week, a week today, with quite a lengthy agenda, I think, so we will see you next week. Thank you everyone. Thank you, Mr. Towns, for joining us. Thank you to all the members.

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